

# Modèle pour une population d'arbres : structure phénotypique et plasticité

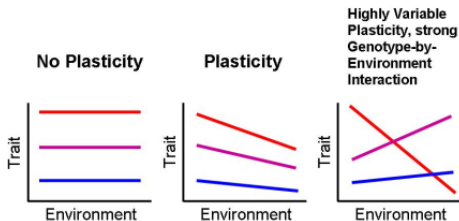
Sirine Boucenna

Direction : Vasilis Dakos & Gael Raoul

Ecole de Printemps de la chaire MMB, Aussois

June 11, 2024

p \0jn...q\_H qe9i...H\_... 9jL p \0jnenX...



Charrier G. et al (2021) Annals of Forest Science



μ09} "n ¶09} hnL0e I §}00 qnq-e9"-nj

$$\pm 0 \text{ Hnj}_i \text{ L0} \} 9 \text{ qnq}^{-e9}_{-nj} \text{ nT}^{-} \text{ } 00; \text{ } i^{-} \text{ } \neg \text{H}^{-} \neg \text{ } \} \text{OL} \text{ } @ \text{ } 9 \text{ } j \text{nj} \text{ } qe9_i^{-} \text{H} \text{ } q \backslash 0 \text{ } j \text{n}^{-} \text{ } q_{-H}^{-} \text{ } \text{ } 9_{-}^{-}$$

§ \0 "9\_ i L\_ i } \_ @ - \_ n j \_ i L0 j n " 0 L @ ¶ I

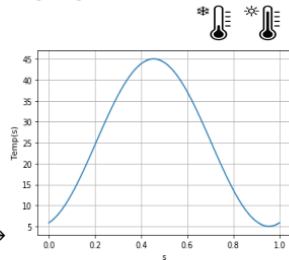
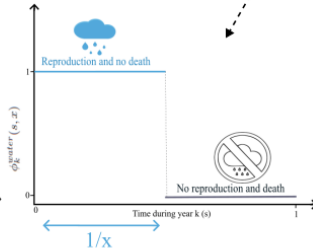
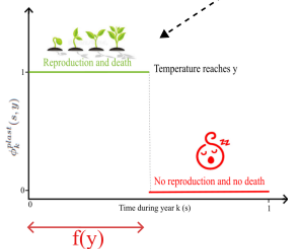
$$m_k(s; x; y)$$

 $\pm \setminus 0\}0$ 

c I ¶09}i 2 N  
i I \_h0 L-}\_jX ¶09} 2 [0; 1]  
I j-h@0} nT i00Li 2 R  
¶ I Ln}h9jH¶ \_0hq0}9"-}0 2 R

The full model is, for  $\varepsilon > 0$ ,

$$\begin{cases} \partial_s m_k(s, x, y) = -\varepsilon \phi_k^{plast}(s, y) \gamma T_k^0(s) (1 - \phi_k^{water}(s, x)) m_k(s, x, y), \\ \text{for } (k, s, x, y) \in \mathbb{N} \times [0, 1] \times \mathbb{R}_+ \times \mathbb{R}^2, \end{cases}$$



XXXXXXXXXX 8

XXXXXXXXXX

XXXXXXXXXX 8

XXXXXXXXXX

μ09} "n ¶09} hnL0e I §}00 qnq¬e9"nj

§ \ 0 T¬ee hnL0e \_;J Tn} " > 0J

8

$$@_s m_k(s; x; y) = \text{" } p_k^{plast}(s; y) T_k^0(s) (1 \text{ } \text{water}_k(s; x)) m_k(s; x; y);$$

for  $(k; s; x; y) \in \mathbb{N} \times [0; 1] \times \mathbb{R}_+ \times \mathbb{R}^2$ ;

$$m_k(0; x; y) = m_{k-1}(1; x; y) + \frac{1}{\iint p_{k-1}(\hat{s}; \hat{y}) d\hat{s} d\hat{y}} p_{k-1}(x; y);$$

for  $(k; x; y) \in \mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{R}^2$ ;

$$p_k(x; y) = \mathbb{R}_k^2(x) \mathbb{R}_k^2(y) + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \int_{\mathbb{R}_k^2} \int_{\mathbb{R}_k^2} \frac{x_1 + x_2}{2} \int_{\mathbb{R}_k^2} \int_{\mathbb{R}_k^2} \frac{y_1 + y_2}{2} x_1^+ m_k(s; x_1; y_1) p_k^{plast}(s; y_1) \text{water}_k(s; x_1) \frac{m_k(s; x_2; y_2) p_k^{plast}(s; y_2) \text{water}_k(s; x_2)}{\iint m_k(s; \hat{s}; \hat{y}) p_k^{plast}(s; \hat{y}) \text{water}_k(s; \hat{s}) d\hat{s} d\hat{y}} dx_1 dx_2 dy_1 dy_2 ds;$$

for  $(k; x; y) \in \mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{R}^2$ ;

$$m_0(1; x; y) := m^0(x; y); p_0(x; y) = p^0; \text{ for } (x; y) \in \mathbb{R}^2;$$

8 ;\_h qe0} \_j ``0X}nL\_ °0}0j ``\_9e h nL0e n@``9\_j0L ^ \0j " ! 0

## § \0n}0h

The solutions of  $m_{bs/}{}^c(0; x; y)$  converge when  $\epsilon \rightarrow 0$  to the solutions of :

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} n(t; x; y) = & a(t; x; y)n(t; x; y) \\ & + \frac{\iint_{\mathbb{R}^2} a(t; \hat{x}; \hat{y})n(t; \hat{x}; \hat{y}) d\hat{x} d\hat{y}}{R[n](t)} \\ & - \frac{1}{2} x \frac{x_1 + x_2}{2} \frac{1}{y} y \frac{y_1 + y_2}{2} x_1^+ n(t; x_1; y_1) \\ & - n(t; x_2; y_2) [n(t; \cdot; \cdot)](t; x_1; y_1; x_2; y_2) dx_1 dx_2 dy_1 dy_2 + \\ & \frac{1}{2} x(x) \frac{1}{y} y(y) ; \end{aligned}$$

^ \0}0

$$a(t; x; y) = \int_0^1 T(s) \text{plast}(s; y)(1 - \text{water}(s; x)) ds$$

9jL

$$[n(t; \cdot; \cdot)](t; x_1; y_1; x_2; y_2) = \int_0^1 \frac{\text{plast}(t; s; y_1) \text{plast}(t; s; y_2) \text{water}(t; s; x_1) \text{water}(t; s; x_2)}{\iint_{\mathbb{R}^2} n(t; \hat{x}; \hat{y}) \text{water}(t; s; \hat{x}) \text{plast}(t; s; \hat{y}) ds d\hat{x} d\hat{y}} ds :$$

$[0, \infty) \times \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$   $g: \mathbb{R}^2 \times \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$   $h: \mathbb{R}^2 \times \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$   $n: \mathbb{R}^2 \times \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$   $i: \mathbb{R}^2 \times \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$

$$\pm \frac{1}{2} \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{1}{2} \frac{d}{dt} \right) \left( \frac{1}{2} \frac{d}{dt} \right) \left( \frac{1}{2} \frac{d}{dt} \right)$$

$$n(t; \cdot, \cdot) = \frac{1}{2} \left( X(t) \right) \frac{1}{2} \left( Y(t) \right)$$

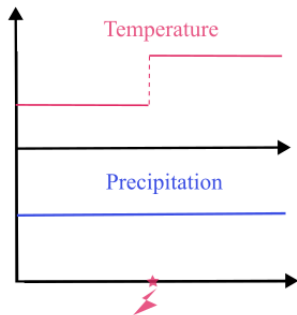
$p: \mathbb{R}^2 \times \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$

$\mathbb{R}^2 \times \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$   $h: \mathbb{R}^2 \times \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$   $0: \mathbb{R}^2 \times \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$   $i: \mathbb{R}^2 \times \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$

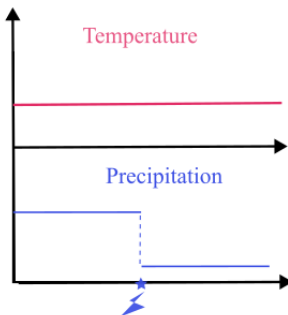
$$\frac{d}{dt} \begin{pmatrix} X \\ Y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{\partial}{\partial x} a(t; X(t); Y(t)) + a(t; X(t); Y(t)) \frac{\partial x_1}{\partial X(t)} + \frac{a(t; X(t); Y(t))}{2 X(t)} \\ -\frac{\partial}{\partial y} a(t; X(t); Y(t)) + a(t; X(t); Y(t)) \frac{\partial y_1}{\partial Y(t)} \end{pmatrix}$$

Ge\_h9"0 H\9jX0 9; 9@}-q" i\\_T"i

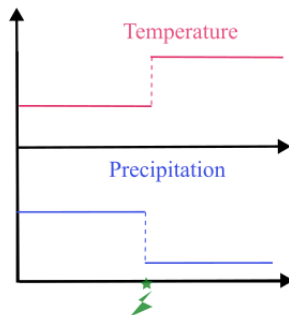
~"09L¶]i"9"0 ! 0j°\_}nj h0j"9e i\\_T" ! 0°ne¬\_nj9}¶ n¬Hnh0



Temperature shift



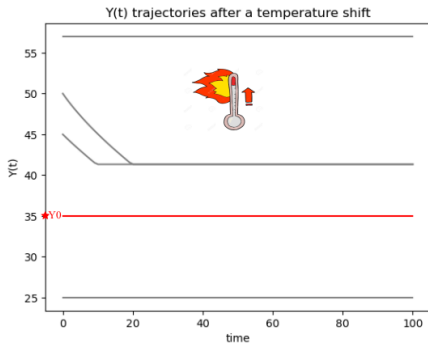
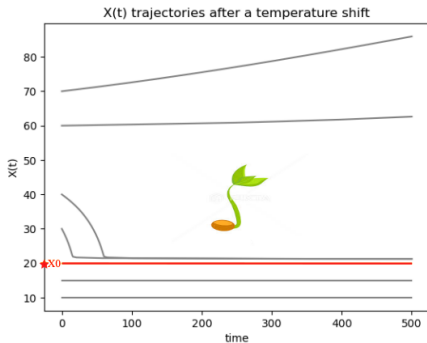
Precipitation shift



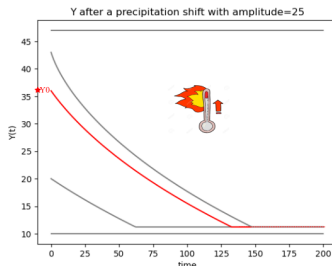
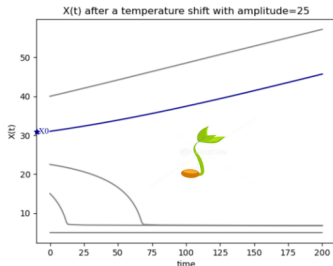
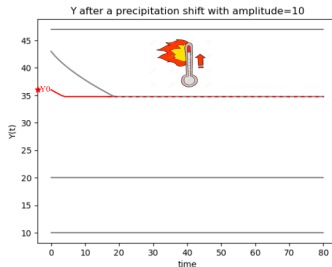
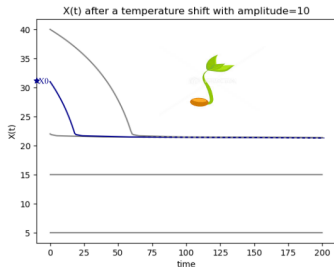
Temperature and precipitation shift

N°OH; nT 9 "0hq0}9"-}0 ;\\_T" nj "\0 0°ne"-\_nj nT X 9jL Y

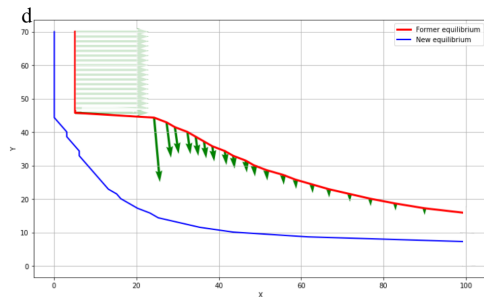
§0hq0}9"-}0 ;\\_T" ) jn hn}"9e"-¶ ) jn 9L9q"9"-nju



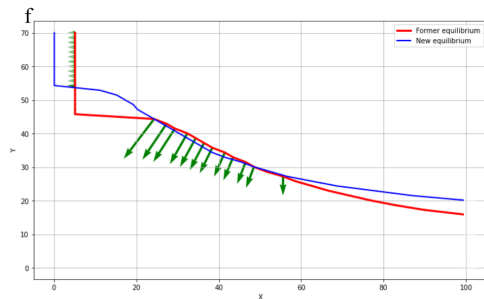
$N^{\circ}OH^{\cdot\cdot}; nT \ 9 \ q\}OH\_q^{\cdot\cdot}9^{\cdot\cdot}\_nj \ ;\backslash\_T^{\cdot\cdot} \ nj \ \backslash 0 \ 0^{\circ}ne^{\cdot\cdot}\_nj \ nT \ X \ 9jL \ Y$   
 $p\}OH\_q^{\cdot\cdot}9^{\cdot\cdot}\_nj \ ;\backslash\_T^{\cdot\cdot} \ ! \ \sim h9ee \ ;\backslash\_T^{\cdot\cdot} \ ) \ 8L9q^{\cdot\cdot}9^{\cdot\cdot}\_nj$   
 $! \ ?\_X \ ;\backslash\_T^{\cdot\cdot} \ ) \ G\backslash 9jX0 \ nT \ @_nenX\_H9e \ j\_H\backslash 0$



Gn]0°ne¬\_nj nT X 9jL Y 9T°0} 9 ;\\_T°



) Gn]0°ne¬\_nj nT X 9jL Y  
h9¶ \0eq °\0 9L9q°9°\_nj °n  
°\0 j0² 0j°\_nj h0j° 0°0j  
² \0j °\0 9hqe¬\_L0 nT  
q}OH\_q\_°9°\_nj ;\\_T° \_i \\_X\ü



) 8j 9L9q°9°\_nj °n 9 ;\\_T°  
\_j @n°\ °0hq0}9°¬}0 9jL  
q}OH\_q\_°9°\_nj L0q0jL; nj °\0  
@9e9jH0 @0°²00j °\0 °²n

- pe9i¬\_H¬\_¶ h9¶ q}0°0j¬ hn}¬9e¬\_¶ @¬¬ \\_jL0} 0°ne¬¬\_nj
- §0hq0}9¬¬}0 9jL ²9¬0} i¬¬}0i; H9j \9°0 L\_°0}0j¬  
9L9q¬\_°0 Hnj;0x¬0jH0i
- 8 hqe0 i\\_T¬i H9j e09L ¬\0 iq0H\_0i ¬n 9 L\_°0}0j¬  
@\_nenX\_H9e j\_H\0



# Thank you for your attention !

